

Vulnerability of New Zealand myrtles to myrtle rust			R. Beresford - Plant & Food Research – June 2022		
Plant name (<i>Botanical name</i>)	Severe infection commonly seen	May be severe on young plants or basal growth of older trees	When growing near more susceptible species	Infection seldom seen in the natural environment	Infection not confirmed in the natural environment
Native species					
Maire tawake/swamp maire (<i>Syzygium maire</i>)	✓				
Ramarama (<i>Lophomytus bullata</i>)	✓				
Rōhutu (<i>Lophomytus obcordata</i>)	✓				
Pōhutukawa (<i>Metrosideros excelsa</i>)		✓			
Carmine rātā (<i>Metrosideros carminea</i>)		✓			
Colenso's rātā (<i>Metrosideros colensoi</i>)		✓			
Bartlett's rātā (<i>Metrosideros bartlettii</i>)		✓			
Other climbing rātā (<i>Metrosideros</i> spp.)					✓
Mānuka (<i>Leptospermum scoparium</i>)	(Young seedlings may become infected)			✓	
Northern rātā (<i>Metrosideros robusta</i>)				✓	
Southern rātā (<i>Metrosideros umbellata</i>)				✓	
Kānuka (<i>Kunzea robusta</i>)					✓
Exotic species					
Lilly pilly, Eugenia (<i>Syzygium australe</i>)	✓				
Guava (<i>Psidium guajava</i>)	✓				
Feijoa (<i>Acca sellowiana</i>)				✓	
Brush cherry (<i>Syzygium paniculatum</i>)					✓
Monkey apple (<i>Syzygium smithii</i>)					✓